§ 655.660

would assist the Secretary in determining whether review is warranted.

- (c) Whenever the Secretary determines to review the decision and order of an administrative law judge, a notice of the Secretary's determination shall be served upon the administrative law judge and upon all parties to the proceeding within 30 calendar days after the Secretary's receipt of the petition for review.
- (d) Upon receipt of the Secretary's notice, the Office of Administrative Law Judges shall within fifteen calendar days forward the complete hearing record to the Secretary.
- (e) The Secretary's notice may specify:
- (1) The issue or issues to be reviewed; (2) The form in which submissions shall be made by the parties (e.g., briefs); and
- (3) The time within which such submissions shall be made.
- (f) All documents submitted to the Secretary shall be filed with the Secretary of Labor, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210, Attention: Executive Director, Office of Administrative Appeals, room S-4309. An original and two copies of all documents shall be filed. Documents are not deemed filed with the Secretary until actually received by the Secretary. All documents, including documents filed by mail, shall be received by the Secretary either on or before the due date.
- (g) Copies of all documents filed with the Secretary shall be served upon all other parties involved in the proceeding. Service upon the Administrator shall be in accordance with §655.640(b) of this part.
- (h) The Secretary's final decision shall be issued within 180 calendar days from the date of the notice of intent to review. The Secretary's decision shall be served upon all parties and the administrative law judge.
- (i) Upon issuance of the Secretary's decision, the Secretary shall transmit the entire record to the Chief Administrative Law Judge for custody pursuant to §655.660 of this part.

§655.660 Administrative record.

The official record of every completed administrative hearing proce-

dure provided by subparts F and G of this part shall be maintained and filed under the custody and control of the Chief Administrative Law Judge. Upon receipt of a complaint seeking review of the final agency action in a United States District Court, the Chief Administrative Law Judge shall certify the official record and shall transmit such record to the clerk of the court.

§ 655.665 Notice to the Attorney General and the Employment and Training Administration.

- (a) The Administrator shall promptly notify the Attorney General and ETA of the entry of a cease and desist order pursuant to \$655.615 of this part. The order shall remain in effect until the completion of the Administrator's investigation and any subsequent proceedings pursuant to \$655.630 of this part, unless the Administrator notifies the Attorney General and ETA of the entry of a subsequent order lifting the prohibition.
- (1) The Attorney General, upon receipt of notification from the Administrator that a cease and desist order has been entered against an employer:
- (i) Shall not permit the vessels owned or chartered by the attesting employer to use alien crewmembers to perform the longshore activity(ies) at the port or location in the State of Alaska specified in the cease and desist order; and
- (ii) Shall, in the case of an employer seeking to utilize the automated vessel exception, require that such employer not use alien crewmembers to perform the longshore activity(ies) at the port or location in the State of Alaska specified in the cease and desist order, without having on file with ETA an attestation pursuant to §655.520 of this part.
- (2) ETA, upon receipt of the Administrator's notice shall, in the case of an attesting employer, suspend the employer's attestation, either in whole or in part, for the activity(ies) and port or location in the State of Alaska specified in the cease and desist order.
- (b) The Administrator shall notify the Attorney General and ETA of the final determination of a violation by

an attesting employer or of the ineligibility of an employer for the automated vessel exception, upon the earliest of the following events:

- (1) Where the Administrator determines that there is a basis for a finding of violation by an attesting employer or a finding of nonapplicability of the automated vessel exception, and no timely request for hearing is made pursuant to §655.630 of this part;
- (2) Where, after a hearing, the administrative law judge issues a decision and order finding a violation by an attesting employer or finding inapplicable the automated vessel exception, and no timely petition for review to the Secretary is made pursuant to §655.655 of this part; or
- (3) Where a petition for review is taken from an administrative law judge's decision finding a violation or finding inapplicable the automated vessel exception, and the Secretary either declines within thirty days to entertain the appeal, pursuant to §655.655(c) of this part, or the Secretary affirms the administrative law judge's determination: or
- (4) Where the administrative law judge finds that there was no violation by an attesting employer or that the automated vessel exception does apply, and the Secretary, upon review, issues a decision pursuant to §655.655 of this part, holding that a violation was committed by an attesting employer or holding that the automated vessel exception does not apply.
- (c) The Attorney General, upon receipt of notification from the Administrator pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section:
- (1) Shall not permit the vessels owned or chartered by the attesting employer to enter any port of the U.S. for a period of up to one year;
- (2) Shall, in the case of an employer determined to be ineligible for the automated vessel exception, thereafter require that such employer not use alien crewmembers(s) to perform the longshore activity(ies) at the specified port or location in the State of Alaska without having on file with ETA an attestation pursuant to §655.520 of this part; and
- (3) Shall, in the event that the Administrator's notice constitutes a con-

- clusive determination (pursuant to §655.670) that the prevailing practice at a particular U.S. port does not permit the use of nonimmigrant alien crewmembers for particular longshore activity(ies), thereafter permit no employer to use alien crewmembers for the particular longshore activity(ies) at that port.
- (d) ETA, upon receipt of the Administrator's notice pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section:
- (1) Shall, in the case of an attesting employer, suspend the employer's attestation, either in whole or in part, for the port or location at issue and for any other U.S. port, and shall not accept for filing any attestation submitted by the employer for a period of 12 months or for a shorter period if such is specified for that employer by the Attorney General; and
- (2) Shall, if the Administrator's notice constitutes a conclusive determination (pursuant to §655.670) that the prevailing practice at a particular U.S. port does not permit the use of alien crewmembers for the longshore activity(ies), thereafter accept no attestation under the prevailing practice exception on Form ETA 9033 from any employer for the performance of the activity(ies) at that port, and shall invalidate any current attestation under the prevailing practice exception on Form ETA 9033 for any employer for the performance of the activity(ies) at that port.

§ 655.670 Federal Register notice of determination of prevailing practice.

(a) Pursuant to §655.625(b), the Administrator shall publish in the FED-ERAL REGISTER a notice of the Administrator's determination of any investigation regarding the prevailing practice for the use of alien crewmembers for particular longshore activity(ies) in a particular U.S. port (whether under an attestation or under the automated vessel exception). Where the Administrator has determined that the prevailing practice in that U.S. port does not permit such use of alien crewmembers, and no timely request for a hearing is filed pursuant to §655.630, Administrator's determination the shall be the conclusive determination for purposes of the Act and subparts F